

LLB-1st Sem

Dec-2022

Roll No.

Total Pages : 02

LG/D-22

30648

JURISPRUDENCE (LEGAL METHODS,
INDIAN LEGAL SYSTEM AND BASIC
THEORY OF LAW)

Paper : 101

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit I

1. What do you mean by 'Jurisprudence' ? Briefly discuss the nature and scope of Jurisprudence.
2. Critically analyse Austin's command theory of Law.

Unit II

3. Critically analyze Savigny's theory of Volksgeist.
4. Discuss Duguit's theory of law and his contribution in development of Sociological School.

Unit III

5. What do you understand by 'Public Interest Litigation' ? Discuss the major advantages and disadvantages of PIL in modern times in Indian context.
6. What do you mean by 'Administration of Justice' ? Also discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Administration of Justice.

Unit IV

7. What do you mean by 'Custom' ? Discuss the essential conditions of a valid custom.
8. What do you mean by 'Right' ? What are its elements ? Discuss the different kinds of rights with examples.

Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Hart's concept of Law
 - (b) Social Engineering
 - (c) Legal aid
 - (d) Essential elements of ownership.

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CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-I

Paper : II (102)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Unit V is compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit I

1. Preamble is the mirror through which we can get an idea of the goals and ideals of Indian Constitution. Discuss.
2. Describe in detail the various modes to acquire citizenship in India.

Unit II

3. Article 14 prohibits discrimination but permits classification. Do you agree with it ? Explain with the help of decided case.
4. Mention Constitutional provisions for the protection of rights of a person against arrest and detention.

Unit III

5. Right to Constitutional Remedies ensures the enforcement of fundamental rights. Examine it with the relevant provisions.

6. State the nature, scope and extent of right to freedom of religion. Can restrictions be imposed on the right to religion ?

Unit IV

7. Directive Principles seek to achieve economic, social and political justice in India. Give a brief account of judicial contribution to promote justice.
8. Our Constitution identifies some fundamental duties too for the citizens of India. Explain.

Unit V

9. Answer any *four* of the following in brief :
- (i) Key features of the Constitution
 - (ii) Authoritative text in the Hindi language
 - (iii) Characteristics of the Fundamental Rights
 - (iv) Reasonable restrictions on Art.19 (1) (A)
 - (v) Forced labour and employment of children
 - (vi) Protection of minorities on the basis of language and religion
 - (vii) Articles of 31-A and 31-B
 - (viii) Significance of Directive Principles of State Policy.

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FAMILY LAW-I

Paper 103

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to IV. Q. No. 9 of Unit V is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit I

1. Discuss various sources of Hindu Law. 20
2. Define Karta and discuss the powers of Karta. 20

Unit II

3. Discuss 'Hindu Marriage' and its essentials. 20
4. Discuss 'Divorce' and its various grounds. 20

Unit III

5. Discuss Hindu Adoption and requisites of a valid adoption. 20

6. Discuss about the Natural, Testamentary and De facto Guardians of a Hindu minor. 20

Unit IV

7. Discuss about the succession to a Hindu Male's Property. 20
8. Discuss about the succession to a Hindu Female's Property. 20

Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following : 4×5=20
- (i) Caparcenary
 - (ii) Restitution of Conjugal Rights
 - (iii) Maintenance of Wife
 - (iv) Disqualified heirs.

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LAW OF CRIMES-I

Paper IV 104

Indian Penal Code

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to IV. Unit V is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit I

1. Discuss with the help of case law the nature and extent of unsoundness of mind required to exempt a person from criminal liability.
2. What do you understand by 'Common Intention' ? Discuss the extent of liability for acts done in furtherance of common intention with the help of case law.

Unit II

3. Make a difference between culpable homicide and murder with the help of case law.

4. Define Kidnapping. Differentiate between kidnapping and abduction with the help of case law.

Unit III

5. What do you understand by the robbery ? When does robbery become dacoity ? Elucidate with the help of case law.
6. What is Criminal Misappropriation ? Make a difference between criminal misappropriation and criminal breach of trust.

Unit IV

7. What are the essentials of the offence of defamation ? What is the most common defence to defamation claims ? Elucidate.
8. What is an attempt to commit an offence ? Whether attempt to commit an offence is punishable in India ? Explain with the help of case law.

Unit V

9. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :
- (a) Abetment

- (b) Seditio
- (c) False Evidence
- (d) Grievous Hurt
- (e) Mischief
- (f) Criminal Trespass
- (g) Forgery
- (h) Bigamy.

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LAW OF CONTRACT-I

Paper : 105

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Q. No. 9 is compulsory.

Unit I

1. What is Contract ? Is Indian Contract Act an exhaustive law relating to contract ? Explain. 20
2. What do you mean by the communication of acceptance ? By describing the modes of revocation of it, explain is there any time limit of its revocation. 20

Unit II

3. Define Consideration. Is the existence of consideration essential for the validity of Contract ? Discuss in detail. 20
4. Define uncertain and wagering agreements with relevant explanations. 20

Unit III

5. Define contingent contract. Explain the rules regarding the enforcement of these contracts. 20
6. Who can demand for the performance of the Contract ? What is law regarding time and place for performance of Contract ? 20

Unit IV

7. What do you mean by specific performance ? Who may obtain specific performance ? 20
8. What do you mean by Injunctions ? Define the various kinds of Injunctions with the help of decided case law. 20

(Compulsory Question)

Unit V

9. Define the following :
- (i) Mistake
 - (ii) Coercion
 - (iii) Privity of contract
 - (iv) Rule of Pinnle case

- (v) Quasi-contract
- (vi) Rules of Hedley vs. Baxendale
- (vii) Rescission of contract
- (viii) Preventive relief.